



The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

TWG Network Retreat
Office of the UN Resident Coordinator

21 October 2015



Presentation outline

- 1. Scope of Agenda 2030
- 2. Development of the agenda
- 3. Understanding the 17 SDGs
- 4. Implementing the SDGs
- 5. Closing





1. Scope of the Agenda 2030



THEN

Two parallel processes

MDG TRACK

Strong focus on social dimension

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT TRACK

Focus on environmental sustainability

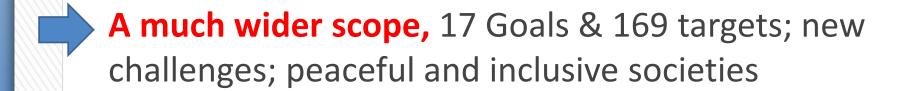
NOW

One holistic 2030 Agenda

Completing the unfinished business of the MDGs

Revisiting sustainable development with an integrated and balanced view of its 3 dimensions

The New 2030 Agenda: higher ambition than the MDGs



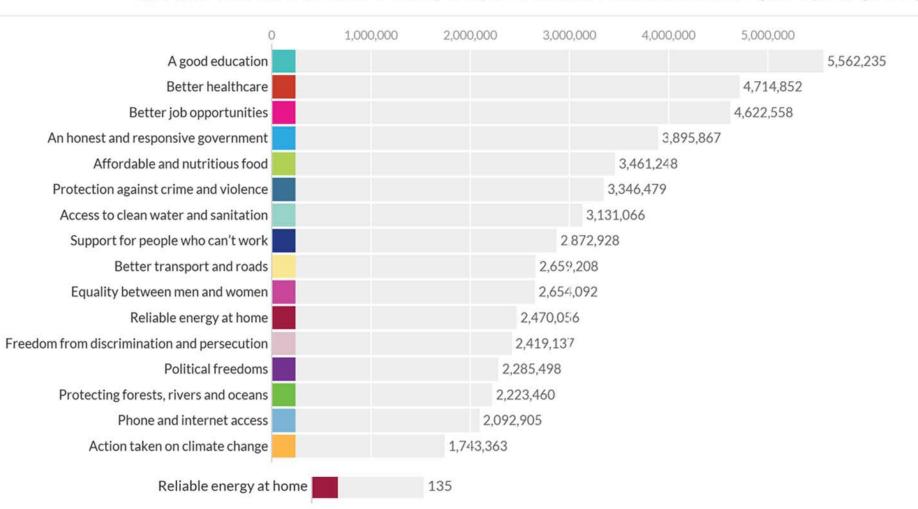
A more ambitious agenda, not reducing but eradicating poverty; "Leaving no one behind"

A universal agenda, applies to all countries and all people; shared responsibility

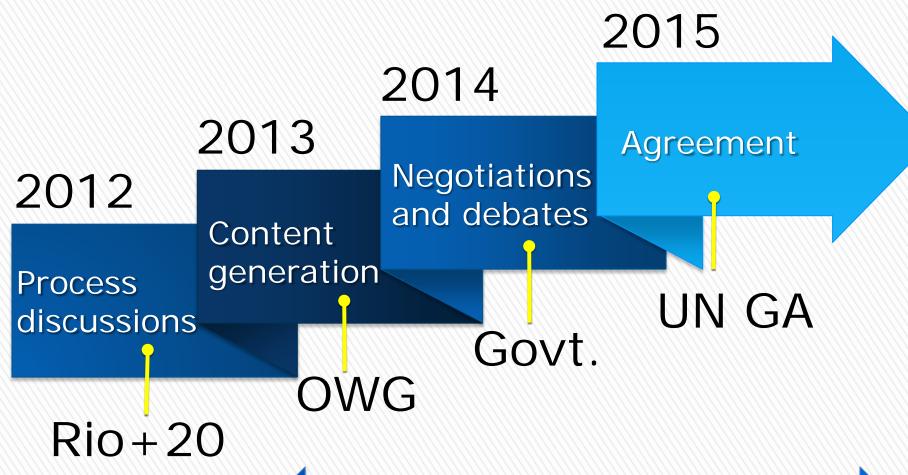


2. The development of the agenda

8,434,663 votes for All Countries & Country Groups / All Genders / All Education Levels / Age Group (All Age Groups)



The Process







National & Global consultations/conferences

Findings from Cambodia consultations: Key underlying partnership principles

- 1) All development actors need to be **transparent**, **accountable** as well as **open and receptive for external inputs**.
- 2) Partnerships to be equally valued, based on trust, mutual respect and meaning.
- 3) Collective efforts to promote and accelerate inclusive and equitable growth should be based on advancing democratization, social inclusion and economic growth indicators.
- 4) Multi-stakeholder **commitments**, **efforts** and **accountability** to the mobilization of adequate **resources** are needed to contribute to the successful implementation of the post-2015 development agenda.
- 5) The private sector must operate within the context of national and international commitments of the **decent work agenda**.
- 6) All actors strive for an equitable partnership involving joint decision-making, joint planning, joint implementation and joint monitoring.





UNITED NATIONS in Cambodia

SUSTAINABLE GALS DEVELOPMENT GALS





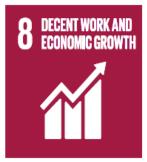


































Social

- 1. Poverty
- 2. Hunger
- 3. Health
- 4. Education
- 5. Gender









Environmental

6. Water sanitation

12. Consumption

13. Climate

14. Oceans

15. Land & ecosystems







Economic

7. Energy

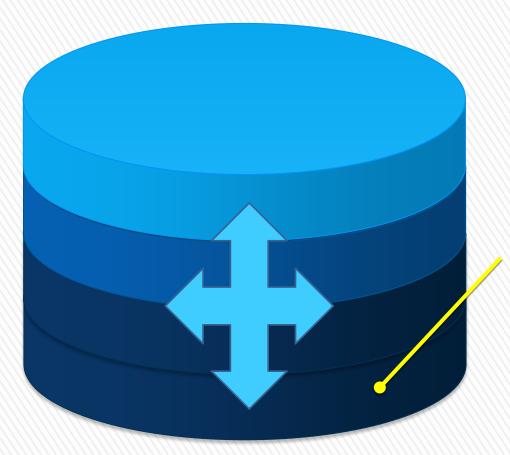
8. Growth jobs

9. Infrastructure

10. Inequality

11. Human settlements







Others

16. Peace justice

17. Partnership





4. Understanding the SDGs

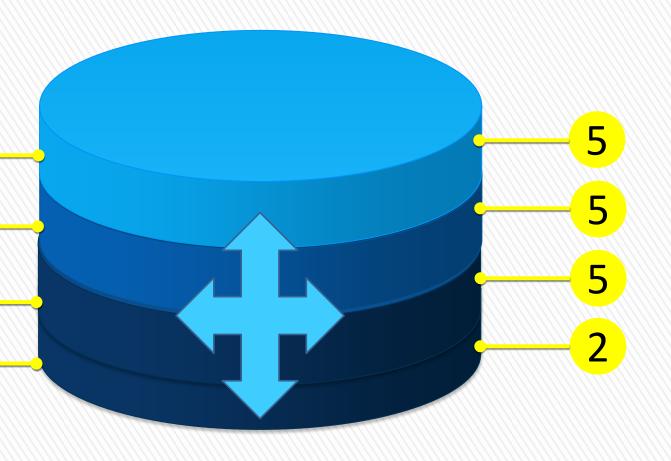


Planet

Prosperity

Peace

Partnerships







5. Implementing the SDGs

Localising

Financing

Measuring & reporting





a. Localising the SDGs

Landing the SDG agenda at the national and local levels:

- » Integration into national and sub-national plans for development; and into budget allocations
- » Priorities, within an integrated approach
- » Bottlenecks assessment, financing and partnerships, and measurement
- » Multi-stakeholder participation





b. Financing the SDGs

Countries have primary responsibilities for their socioeconomic development, while committing the international community to create an enabling environment.

A revitalized global partnership through:

New social compact
Global infrastructure forum
LDC' package

Technology facilitation mechanism

Enhanced international tax cooperation

Mainstreaming women's empowerment into financing for development



FINANCING FOR DEVELOPMENT

13-16 JULY 2015 · ADDIS ABABA · ETHIOPIA TIME FOR GLOBAL ACTION

Two broad outcomes of the Action Agenda:

- a) A new global framework for financing sustainable development that aligns all financing flows and policies with economic, social and environmental priorities;
- b) A comprehensive set of policy actions by Member States;

Domestic Public

Domestic & Int'l Private

Development cooperation

Trade Debt

Systemic issues

Science, technology, innovation, capacity building





c. Measuring the SDGs

Indicators:

Global indicators by March 2016 + National indicators

Data:

Quality, accessible timely, reliable, disaggregated > No one left behind. Statistical capacity. Broader measure of progress, beyond GDP.

Follow-up and review:

Global, regional, national political fora; self assessment with peer review; inclusive process with multi-stakeholder partnerships







6. Closing

"We the Peoples" are the celebrated opening words of the UN Charter. It is "We the Peoples" who are embarking today on the road to 2030".

"Our journey will involve Governments as well as Parliaments, the UN system and other international institutions, local authorities, indigenous peoples, civil society, business and the private sector, the scientific and academic community -and all people".



Useful links

- » General info UN: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.html
 - (1) Outcome document https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/post2015/transformingourworld
 - (2) SG reports of 70th session: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/intergovernmental/sgreports
- » UN Staff College (several articles):
 http://www.unssc.org/home/themes/unssc-elibrary
- » UN Chronicle (articles Goal by Goal): http://unchronicle.un.org/issue/beyond-2015/
- » Information on the indicators final set of proposed indicators due by March 2016 http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/
- » Cambodia Facebook page on SDGs https://www.facebook.com/Sustainable-Development-Agenda-2016-2030-1505158476471629/timeline/?ref=bookmarks.
- » UN Global Twitter Account on SDGs https://twitter.com/sustdev